

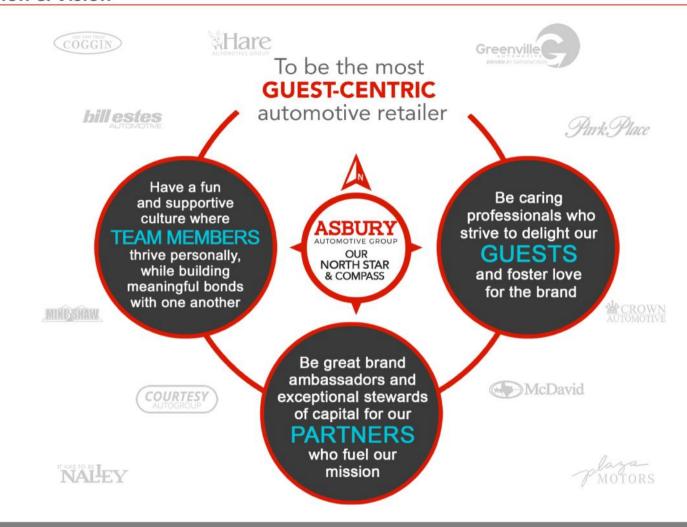
Forward Looking Statements



This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are statements other than historical fact, and may include statements relating to goals, plans, market conditions and projections regarding Asbury's financial position, liquidity, results of operations, market position and dealership portfolio, the expected benefits of Clicklane, and other initiatives and future business strategy, including the expected terms or timeline of currently anticipated or recently completed acquisitions or dispositions, such as the LHM acquisition, the anticipated cost savings, run-rate syneraies, revenue enhancement strategies, operational improvements and other benefits of such currently anticipated or recently completed acquisitions or dispositions. These statements are based on management's current expectations and beliefs and involve significant risks and uncertainties that may cause results to differ materially from those set forth in the statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things, the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on our industry and business, market factors, Asbury's relationships with, and the financial and operational stability of, vehicle manufacturers and other suppliers, acts of God or other incidents and the shortage of semiconductor chips, which may adversely impact supply from vehicle manufacturers and/or present retail sales challenges, any event or circumstance that could give rise to the termination of the LHM acquisition, including the failure to obtain necessary manufacturer and regulatory approvals; the ability to consummate the LHM acquisition and other pendina acquisitions on the terms or timeline currently contemplated or at all; the ability to successfully integrate the LHM business or other acquisitions in our existing operations and the diversion of management's attention from ongoing business and regular business responsibilities; the effects of increased expenses or unanticipated liabilities incurred as a result of the LHM acquisition and other pendina acquisitions; the disruption from the LHM acquisition and other acquisitions, making it more difficult to maintain relationships with customers or suppliers; risks associated with Asbury's indebtedness and our ability to comply with applicable covenants in our various financing agreements, or to obtain waivers of these covenants as necessary; risks related to competition in the automotive retail and service industries, general economic conditions both nationally and locally, governmental regulations, legislation, adverse results in litigation and other proceedings, and Asbury's ability to execute its five-year strategic plan, IT initiatives and other operational strategies, Asbury's ability to leverage gains from its dealership portfolio, Asbury's ability to capitalize on opportunities to repurchase its debt and equity securities or purchase properties that it currently leases, and Asbury's ability to stay within its targeted range for capital expenditures. There can be no quarantees that Asbury's plans for future operations will be successfully implemented or that they will prove to be commercially successful.

These and other risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements are and will be discussed in Asbury's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time, including its most recent annual report on Form 10-K and any subsequently filed quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.





North Star is the "Guest Experience"

ASBURY
AUTOMOTIVE GROUP
NYSE: ABG

FORTUNE 500

~\$8_B

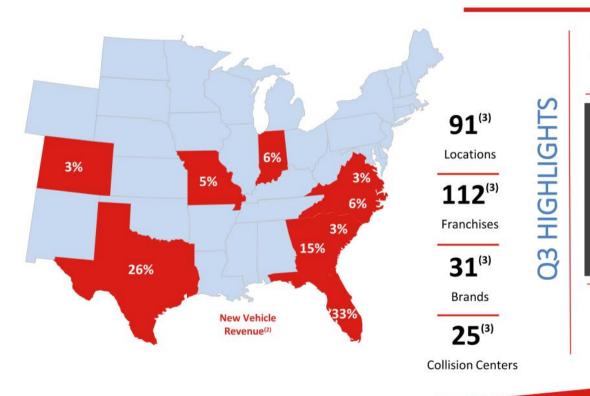
6th LARGEST (5)

AUTOMOTIVE RETAILER

TOTAL REVENUE (1)

AUTOMOTIVE RETAILER





Announced acquisitions under contract totaling \$6.6B in annualized revenue; All expected to close in Q4

New PVR Adj. SG&A % of GP⁽⁴⁾ \$5,088/+106% 55.3%/-580 bps

Used Retail PVR Adj. Operating Margin⁽⁴⁾

\$2,475/+17% 8.5%/+190 bps

F&I PVR Adj. EPS⁽⁴⁾

\$1,912/+7% \$7.36/+80%

Adjusted Net Leverage^(3,4)

1.2x

Available Liquidity⁽³⁾

\$777M

Q3 / 2021

⁽¹⁾ For the twelve months ending Dec 31, 2020, pro forma reflecting the impact of acquisitions and divestures closed in 2020

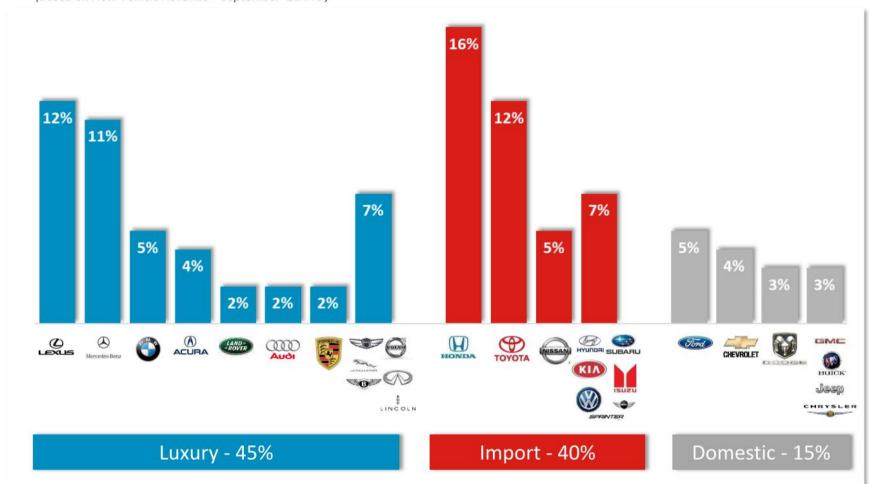
⁽²⁾ For the three months ending Sep 30, 2021,

³⁾ As of Sep 30, 2021 (4) See Non-GAAP Reconciliations (5) According to 2020 Automotive News Top 150 Dealership Groups Report

Attractive Brand Mix



(Based on New Vehicle Revenue – September '21 YTD)



Very attractive, diversified portfolio of brands





Two fundamental principles to drive shareholder value





Decentralized Roll-up

- Delivered 9% EPS growth per year
- Formed 1995: IPO Mar 2002 with 86 stores
- Decentralized management, systems, and processes

Recession & Restructure

- Delivered <u>13% EPS growth</u> per year from Peak SAAR to Peak SAAR
- Centralized management, systems, and processes
- Divested heavy truck and lending businesses

Omni-Channel Rollout

- Delivered <u>18% EPS</u> <u>growth</u> per year in a flat SAAR
- Launched PUSHSTART
 Online selling tool

Online & Scale-up

- Pro forma revenue \$8B
- Redefine the guest experience
- Further SG&A reductions
- Clicklane omnichannel purchasing tool

Business model returned between 9% and 18% EPS growth in each of the three periods where SAAR was either recovering or flat

Multiple Potential Drivers of Growth: Growth Plan(1)





Goals

- 1. Grow revenue at an average of 20% per year
- 2. Expand operating margins
- 3. Grow EPS in excess of top line (20%+ per year)

Focused, disciplined execution and capital allocation to drive revenue growth and profitability

⁽¹⁾ These goals are forward-looking statements that are based on assumptions that are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. Actual results could differ materially from these goals. Nothing herein should be regarded as a representation that these goals will be achieved and Asbury undertakes no duty to update its goals.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma to reflect impact of 2020 acquisitions and divestitures

Digital Platforms Enhancing Productivity





Sales & Marketing

- Industry leading data aggregation, deployment, and messaging services
- Redesigned telephony services with systematic APIs designed to enhance guest experience
- SEO platform designed for scalability & traffic growth while lowering acquisition cost

Parts & Service



- Online service appointment scheduling
- Online parts sales
- Service status tracker
- Service MPI photo and video inspection
- Collision center remote photo estimating
- Online customer payments
- Touchless loaner vehicle contracting



Features unique to Clicklane:

- Penny perfect trade-in values and loan payoffs
- Real-payment figures based on local taxes and fees
- The ability to sign all documents online via DocuSign
- In-tool service and collision appointment scheduler
- ☐ A loan marketplace, which now includes more than 35 lenders
- VIN-specific finance & warranty products customized to the vehicle and consumer
- Full accessories visualizer to upfit vehicles and transact on parts sales
- Embedded insurance tool providing personalized quotes from over a dozen large carriers

"Communications technology ecosystem which allows for a true online car-buying and selling experience; built around transparency that will deliver the ultimate Guest Experience."

st Experience."

- David Hult,

CEO, ABG



Omni-channel initiatives are driving sales, creating operational efficiencies and enhancing the guest experience

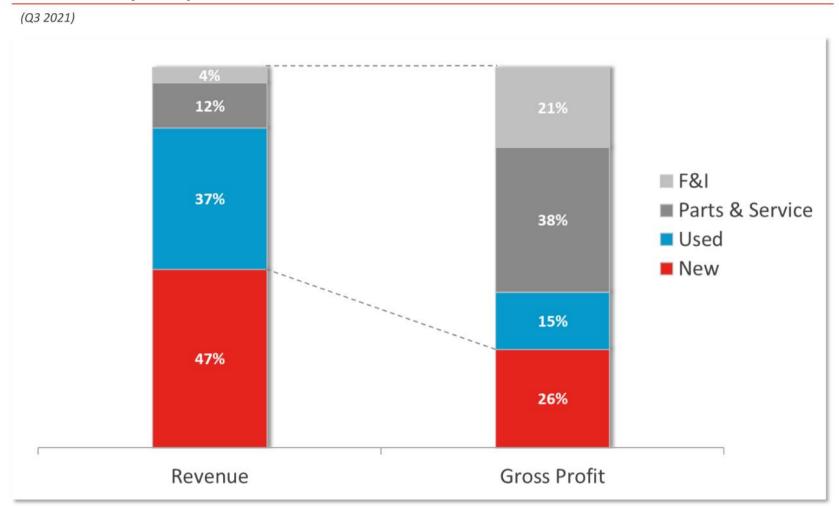




Digital is driving business growth and enhancing the customer experience; quarterly online service appointment volume has grown ~475% since Q1'16

The Four Key Components of Our Business

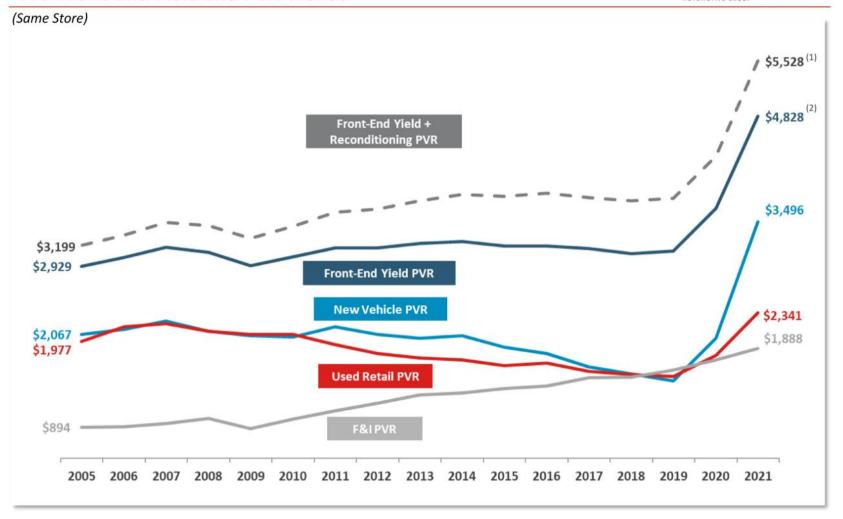




Used, Parts & Service and F&I account for 53% of revenue and 74% of gross profit

YTD Front-End Yield and PVR Trends





Since 2005, improvement in F&I PVR has more than offset pressure on new and used margins; however, since Q1 2020, margins have improved due to inventory shortages

Note: Data shown represents September YTD PVR in each year specified.

(1) Front End + Reconditioning PVR = new vehicle GP, used retail GP, F&I and Reconditioning GP divided by new and used retail unit sales

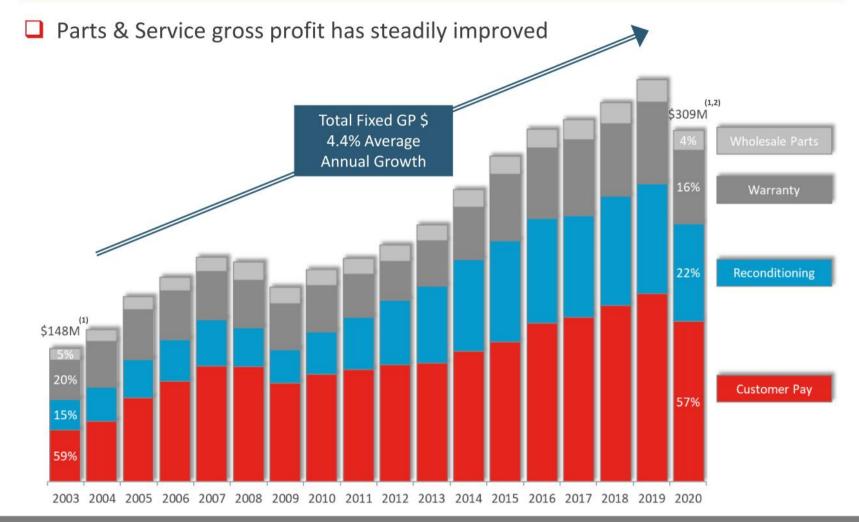
(2) Front End PVR = new vehicle GP, used retail GP, and F&I GP divided by new and used retail unit sales





Solid training and execution continue to drive F&I performance





More units in operation, online scheduling capabilities and the complexity of modern vehicles should drive mid-single digit parts and service growth through economic cycles

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⁽¹⁾ Performance of stores continuously owned and operated since 2003;

Leverage Varies Based on Business Conditions and Environment





Factors Influencing Leverage



Equilibrium leverage target range balances financial flexibility with an efficient capital structure

Environmental, Social, and Governance ("ESG") Impact





Minimizing Impact on the Environment

- Recycling cardboard, glass, plastic, motor oil, tires
- Reclaiming water in car washes
- Reducing water usage, energy through motion sensors and LED lighting



Giving Back to our Friends and Neighbors

- Talent and career development programs
- Employee appreciation and recognition opportunities
- Technician Guild and apprenticeship programs
- Diversity and inclusion ("D&I") initiatives
- Asbury CARES
- Volunteer time off

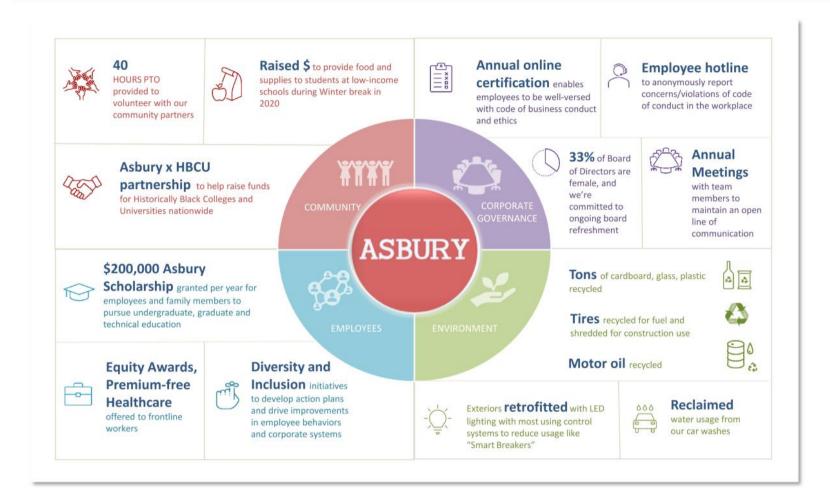


Operating our Business Ethically and with Integrity

- Independent directors
- Gender diversity on the Board
- Code of conduct
- Open and transparent culture

We have dedicated significant resources toward enhancing our ESG footprint...





...and we are excited about our progress

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Summary



- Attractive brand mix and geographic footprint
- Operational excellence:
 - Best in class operating margins and strong growth track record
 - Omni-channel and Online selling initiatives are driving sales, efficiencies and the guest experience
- Diversified business lines:
 - SAAR is not the primary overall business driver
 - The majority of profit comes from the more stable business lines
- Flexible business model:
 - Variable cost structure moderates downside scenarios
- ☐ Disciplined transparent capital allocation strategy focused on risk adjusted returns
 - Operating assets & capabilities focused on the future of automotive retail
 - Value added acquisitions
 - Return of capital to shareholders
- Strong balance sheet
 - Leverage balances an efficient capital structure with financial flexibility
 - \$777 million of total liquidity⁽¹⁾ and adjusted net leverage ratio of 1.2x⁽²⁾

Focused on driving shareholder value

⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2021; Includes cash and cash equivalents of \$330.6 million, \$46.8 million of funds in our floor plan offset accounts, \$190.0 million availability under our new vehicle floor plan facility that is able to be converted to our revolving credit facility, \$49.2 million of availability under our revolving credit facility, and \$160.0 million of availability under our used vehicle revolving floor plan facility.





Larry H. Miller Dealerships and Total Care Auto, Powered by Landcar⁽¹⁾ Overview







8th LARGEST dealership group in the US⁽²⁾

FAMILY-OWNED business since 1979

54 new vehicle dealerships; **7** used vehicle dealerships; **11** collision centers

18 automotive brands

PROFITABLE F&I product provider

\$5.7B in LTM revenue

~119,000 new and used retail units sold

Average Revenue per Rooftop of Over \$100M

Draper Ford Lincoln







Surprise CJDR



Sandy CJDR



Key Brands



































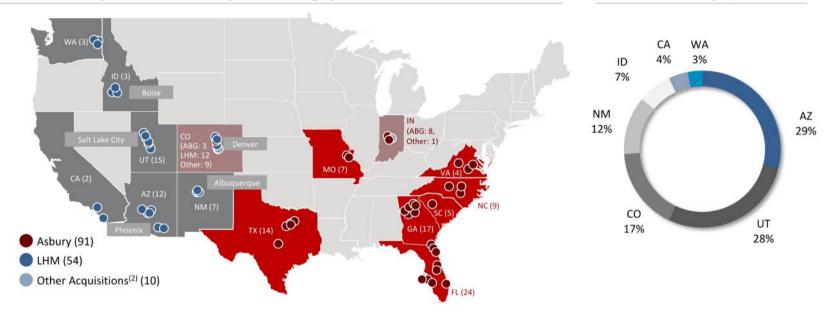


Geographic Expansion into Strategic High-Growth Markets with Attractive Demographics



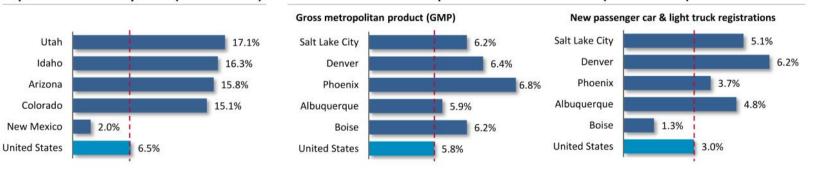


2020 LHM Dealership Revenue by State



Population Growth by State (2010 to 2020)

Metropolitan Area Macro Trends ('20-'25 CAGR)



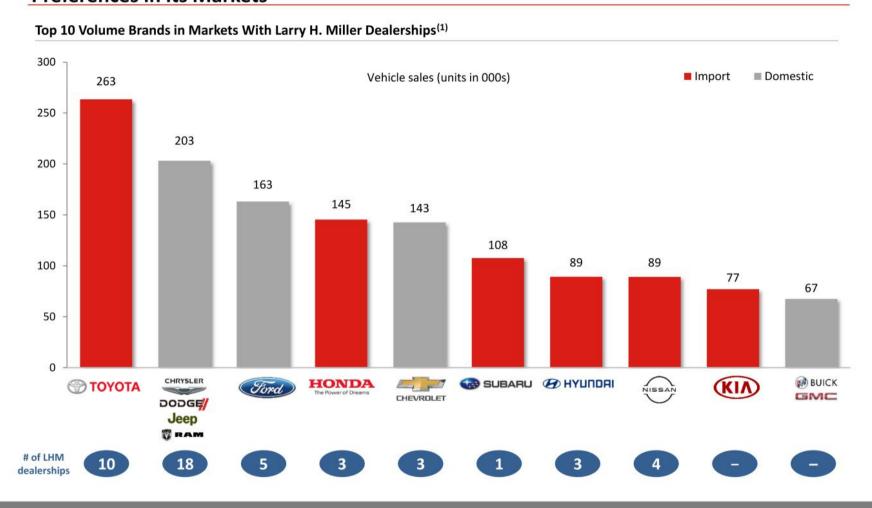
Source: IHS Markit, US Census Bureau

1) Excludes used dealerships and collision centers; does not account for anticipated dispositions

2) Includes acquisitions of Stevinson, AH and KC

Dealership Portfolio is Highly Aligned to Customer Brand Preferences in its Markets





Larry H. Miller Dealerships has leading brands in high-growth, attractive markets

Asbury's Diverse Pro Forma Brand Portfolio Strategically Aligns to Customer Preferences Across All of its Markets



Based on LTM September 30, 2021 New Vehicle Revenue⁽¹⁾

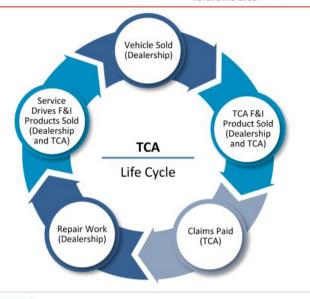


Note: Pro forma for LHM, Stevinson, KC, AH, Greeley acquisitions and anticipated dispositions

- (1) Stevinson, KC, AH, Greeley acquisitions based on FY 2020
- (2) Other import includes Fiat, Isuzu, Mini, Sprinter, Subaru and Volkswagen
- (3) Other luxury includes Bentley, Genesis, Infiniti, Jaguar, Lincoln and Volvo







Key Offerings

Vehicle service contracts

- Extensive list of vehicle parts and systems
- ✓ High sales and service retention

Prepaid maintenance

- ✓ Customizable plans
- ✓ Oil and filter changes, lubrication

Protection plans

- ✓ Vehicle theft assistance
- ✓ Guaranteed Asset Protection

Key & remote replacement

- √ 24 hour emergency road service
- ✓ Lost key or lockout service

Leased vehicle protection

- ✓ Interior and exterior protection
- ✓ Glass protection and broken parts

Tire & wheel protection

- ✓ Covered road hazards
- ✓ Flat tire coverage

High percentage of claims are serviced by Larry H. Miller Dealerships

Significant Potential for Revenue Growth and Margin Expansion from Integration of TCA

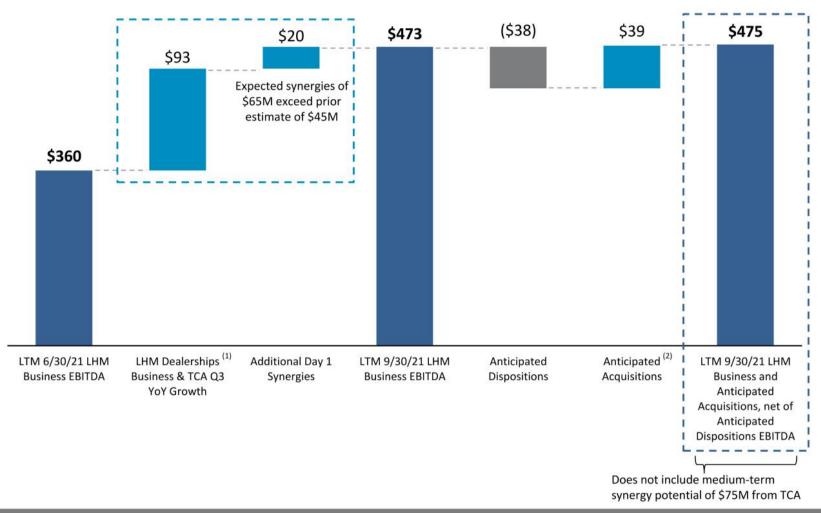


Incremental F&I Income from In	A (YTD Sep-21)	
LHM / TCA combined F&I income	\$190M	LHM F&I revenue less cost of sales
LHM NV and UV retail units	85K	
LHM / TCA F&I PVR	~\$2,200	\$190M ÷ 85K
Asbury F&I PVR	~\$1,800	
F&I PVR difference	~\$400	\$2,200 - \$1,800
LTM Asbury NV and UV retail units	212K	
Annualized additional F&I income	\$85M	\$400 × 212K
Operational expenses and impact of brand / geo mix	(\$10M)	
Net additional F&I income	\$75M	

Asbury has potential to add approximately \$75 million of EBITDA over the medium-term

Significant Increase in Larry H. Miller Q3 EBITDA





LHM's Q3 2021 EBITDA growth and additional day 1 synergies drove a 31% increase in LTM 9/30/21 over LTM 6/30/21

Note: numbers may not add to \$475M due to rounding

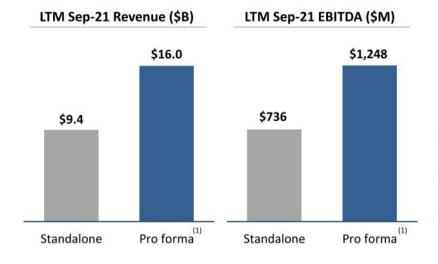
Includes acquisitions of Stevinson, AH and KC as well as closed acquisitions and dispositions

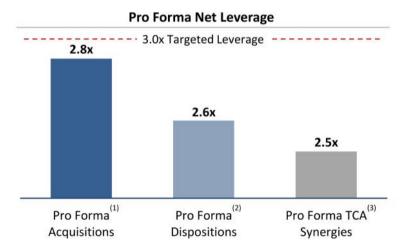
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⁽¹⁾ Q3 2020 vs. Q3 2021

Strong Balance Sheet and Operating Cash Flow Provide Asbury with Solid Growth Trajectory







- ✓ Strong free cash flow generation
- Highly accretive earnings
- Invest in rolling out Clicklane to acquired dealerships to accelerate growth of online channel
- ✓ Invest in the integration of TCA with existing dealership operations, furthering the realization of incremental F&I margin

Note: See Non-GAAP reconciliations

Pro forma further adjusted for potential medium-term synergies from integration of TCA of \$75M

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for acquisitions of LHM / TCA and other anticipated and closed acquisitions; EBITDA includes anticipated cost savings of \$65M and does not include \$75M of anticipated medium-term synergies

⁽²⁾ Pro forma further adjusted for anticipated dispositions totaling ~\$645M in LTM revenue and ~\$38M in LTM EBITDA

Larry H. Miller Dealerships and TCA are Highly Strategic Assets and Transform Asbury into a Coast-to-Coast National Automotive Retailer



- LHM represents a strong portfolio of dealerships with a long history of operational excellence and valuable brands
- Meaningfully increases Asbury's scale and creates the 4th largest US automotive retailer based on sales
- Enhances Asbury's presence in targeted, high-growth markets with attractive demographic dynamics
- LHM's dealership portfolio is highly aligned to customer brand preferences within the markets
- Leverages the Clicklane transactional tool to create a coast-to-coast, truly expansive, omni-channel platform
- TCA is a highly-scalable provider of a full-suite of F&I products with potential to add approximately \$75 million of EBITDA over the medium-term
- Transactions add ~\$475 million⁽¹⁾ in pro forma adjusted LTM EBITDA (~\$550 million⁽²⁾ including incremental F&I income from TCA), strong free cash flow and are expected to be highly accretive to earnings

⁽¹⁾ Includes the impact of \$65M of immediate cost synergies, acquisitions of Stevinson, AH and KC and anticipated dispositions

With respect to certain forward-looking guidance, no reconciliation between a non-GAAP measure to the closest corresponding GAAP measure is included because we are unable to quantify certain reconciling amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts such as certain non-operating expenses or costs, due to the high variability, unpredictability and low visibility with respect to the amounts. We also believe such reconciliations would imply a degree of precision that may be misleading to investors. The unavailable information could have a significant impact on the company's future financial results.





Q3 2021 Summary



Total Company:

- Revenue increased 30%; Gross profit increased 43%; Gross margin increased 180 bps to 20%
- New vehicle unit volume increased 1%; new vehicle revenue increased 18%; gross profit increased 108%
- Used vehicle retail unit volume increased 36%; used vehicle retail revenue increased 62%; gross profit increased 59%
- Finance and insurance revenue and gross profit increased 24%
- Parts and service revenue and gross profit increased 25%; customer pay revenue and gross profit increased 30%
- Adjusted SG&A as a percentage of gross profit fell to 55.3%, a decrease of 580 bps
- Operating income increased 69%
- Operating margin increased 190 bps to 8.4%; adjusted operating margin increased 190 bps to 8.5%
- Adjusted EPS increased 80% to \$7.36 (2)
- Strong balance sheet, ending the quarter with \$777M of available and adjusted net leverage of 1.2x.

Same Store:

- Total revenue increased 16%; gross profit increased 28%; Gross margin increased 190 bps to 20.1%
- New vehicle unit volume decreased 7%; new vehicle revenue increased 5%; gross profit increased 83%
- Used vehicle retail unit volume increased 27%; used vehicle retail revenue increased 47%; gross profit increased 45%
- Finance and insurance revenue and gross profit increased 18%
- Parts and service revenue and gross profit increased 10%; customer pay gross profit increased 12%

Despite SAAR declining, we delivered record front end PVRs and efficiently managed expenses resulting in an 80%⁽²⁾ increase in adjusted EPS in the quarter

Note: All growth rates compared to the prior year quarter on a total company basis, unless otherwise stated

(1) As of September 30, 2021; Includes cash and cash equivalents of \$330.6 million, \$46.8 million of funds in our floor plan offset accounts, \$190.0 million availability under our new vehicle floor plan facility that is able to be converted to our revolving credit facility, \$49.2 million of availability under our revolving credit facility, and \$160.0 million of availability under our used vehicle revolving floor plan facility.

Q3 2021 Earnings Highlights & Key Metrics



	Q3 '21	Q3 '20	Change			
Volume Metrics (SS)						
US Auto Sales (M)	3.40	3.92	(13.4%)			
New Units	22,547	24,233	(7.0%)			
Used Retail Units	25,442	20,050	26.9%			
Used to New Ratio	112.8%	82.7%	3010 bps			
Fixed Gross Profit (\$M)	\$155.9	\$142.2	9.6%			
Margin Metrics (SS)						
New Margin	11.0%	6.3%	470 bps			
Used Retail Margin	8.4%	8.5%	(10 bps)			
Fixed Margin	60.9%	61.2%	(30 bps)			
F&I PVR	\$1,955	\$1,800	\$155			
Front End PVR ⁽¹⁾	\$5,487	\$4,087	\$1,400			
Performance Metrics						
Adj. SG&A %GP ⁽²⁾	55.3%	61.1%	(580 bps)			
Adj. EBITDA (\$M) ⁽²⁾	\$213.7	\$127.9	67.1%			
EPS	\$7.54	\$4.96	52.0%			
Adj. EPS ⁽²⁾	\$7.36	\$4.08	80.4%			

⁽¹⁾ Front end PVR = new vehicle gross profit, used retail gross profit, and F&I gross profit divided by new and used retail unit sales

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Non-GAAP Financial Disclosure and Reconciliation



In addition to evaluating the financial condition and results of our operations in accordance with GAAP, from time to time management evaluates and analyzes results and any impact on the Company of strategic decisions and actions relating to, among other things, cost reduction, growth, and profitability improvement initiatives, and other events outside of normal, or "core," business and operations, by considering certain alternative financial measures not prepared in accordance with GAAP. These measures include "Adjusted leverage ratio," "Pro forma Adjusted leverage ratio," "Adjusted income from operations," "Adjusted net income," "Adjusted operating margins," "Adjusted EBITDA," "Pro forma Adjusted EBITDA," and "Adjusted diluted earnings per share ("EPS")." Further, management assesses the organic growth of our revenue and gross profit on a same store basis. We believe that our assessment on a same store basis represents an important indicator of comparative financial performance and provides relevant information to assess our performance at our existing locations. Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for identical months in each comparative period, commencing with the first month we owned the dealership. Additionally, amounts related to divested dealerships are excluded from each comparative period. Non-GAAP measures do not have definitions under GAAP and may be defined differently by and not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. As a result, any non-GAAP financial measures considered and evaluated by management are reviewed in conjunction with a review of the most directly comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. Management cautions investors not to place undue reliance on such non-GAAP measures, but also to consider them with the most directly comparable GAAP measures. In their evaluation of results from time to time, management excludes items that do not arise directly from core operations, or are otherwise of an unusual or non-recurring nature. Because these non-core, unusual or non-recurring charges and gains materially affect Asbury's financial condition or results in the specific period in which they are recognized, management also evaluates, and makes resource allocation and performance evaluation decisions based on, the related non-GAAP measures excluding such items. In addition to using such non-GAAP measures to evaluate results in a specific period, management believes that such measures may provide more complete and consistent comparisons of operational performance on a period-over-period historical basis and a better indication of expected future trends. Management discloses these non-GAAP measures, and the related reconciliations, because it believes investors use these metrics in evaluating longer-term period-over-period performance, and to allow investors to better understand and evaluate the information used by management to assess operating performance.



(In millions, except EPS)

Adjusted Diluted EPS		Q3'21	Q3'20	 2020	-	2015	2007	2	2002
Net Income	\$	147.0	\$ 96.2	\$ 254.4	\$	169.4	\$ 54.3	\$	39.
Non-core items - (income)/expense:									
Legal settlements			12	(2.1)		121	2.5		2
Gain on sale of real estate				(0.3)		-	-		-
Real estate related charges			0.7	0.7		-	-		-
Gain on dealership divestitures		(8.0)	(24.7)	(62.3)		(34.9)	-		-
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-	7-	20.7		(-)	18.0		
Franchise rights impairment			100	23.0		-	-		
Park Place related costs		in.	1.3	12.9		()	-		
LHM Acquisition costs		3.5	1.0						
Retirement benefits expense			(10)	-		100	2.9		
Secondary offering expenses		-	-	-		-	0.3		
Tax expense (benefit) of non-core items above		1.1	5.7	1.9		13.3	(8.4)		
Tax related items		2	12	(20)		(0.8)	72		6
Total non-core items		(3.4)	(17.0)	\$ (5.5)	\$	(22.4)	\$ 15.3	\$	6
Adjusted Net Income	\$	143.6	\$ 79.2	\$ 248.9	\$	147.0	\$ 69.6	\$	46
Diluted EPS	\$	7.54	\$ 4.96	\$ 13.18	\$	6.42	\$ 1.63	\$	1.1
Total Non-Core Items, per Share	\$	(0.18)	\$ (0.88)	\$ (0.28)	\$	(0.85)	\$ 0.46	\$	0.2
Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$	7.36	\$ 4.08	\$ 12.90	\$	5.57	\$ 2.09	\$	1.3
Weighted average common shares outstanding (diluted	d	19.5	19.4	19.3		26.4	33.3		34



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in Millions)	Adjusted Income from Operations	Q3'2	1	Q3'20		2020		2018		2007
	Total Revenue Income from operations	\$ 2,40 \$ 20	6.0 \$	1,845.4 119.1		7,131.8 370.8	\$ \$	6,874.4 310.9		5,713.0 181.4
	Non-core items:									
	Legal settlements			_		(2.1)		(0.7)		2.5
	Gain on sale of real estate		±1	-		(0.3)		-		-
	Real estate related charges		-	0.7		0.7		-		2
	Park Place related costs		51	1.3		12.9				
	LHM Acquisition costs		3.5	-						
	Franchise rights impairment		-	-		23.0		3.7		-
	Adjusted income from operations	\$ 20	4.5 \$	121.1	\$	405.0	\$	313.9	\$	183.9
	Adj. Operating Margin	- 8	3.5%	6.69	%	5.7%		4.6%	N F	3.2%
	Adjusted EBITDA	Q:	3'21	Q3'2	20	-				
	Total Revenue	\$ 2	,406.0	\$ 1,8	15.4					
	Net Income		147.0		96.2					
	Add:									
	Depreciation and amortization		10.7		9.8					
	Income tax expense		45.7		31.7					
	Swap and other interest expense		14.8		12.9					
	EBITDA	\$	218.2	\$ 1	50.6					
	Non-core items:									
	Real estate related charges		12		0.7					
	Gain on dealership divestitures		(8.0) (:	24.7)					
	Park Place related costs		-		1.3					
	LHM Acqusition costs		3.5		-					
	Total non-core items	\$	(4.5) \$ (:	22.7)					
	Adjusted EBITDA	\$	213.7		27.9	-				
	Adj. EBITDA Margin		8.9%		6.9%	= ,				



(\$ in Millions)	Adjusted SG&A		Q3'21		Q3'20	2020	2	007
	Gross Profit	\$	480.0	\$	335.9	\$ 1,223.4	\$	889.4
	SG&A Expense		268.7		206.5	781.9		685.6
	Professional fees associated with acquisitions		(3.5)		41	-		(2.5)
	Legal settlements		-		-	-		(2.5)
	Park Place related acquisitions costs		-		(1.3)	(1.3)		-
	Adjusted SG&A	\$	265.2	\$	205.2	\$ 780.6	\$	680.6
	Adjusted SG&A as a % of Gross Profit		55.3%		61.1%	63.8%		76.5%
		Fo	r the 12 M	onti	ns Ended			
	Adjusted Leverage Ratio	Sep	. 30, 2021	Jun	. 30, 2021			
	Long-term debt (incl. current portion)	\$	1,371.0	\$	1,378.2			
	Debt included in Liab. held for sale		-		2.3			
	Cash and floor plan offset		(377.4)		(177.3)			
	Avail. used vehicle floor plan facility		(160.0)		(160.0)			
	Net Income	\$	481.0	\$	430.1			
	Depreciation and amortization		40.1		39.2			
	Income tax expense		153.0		138.9			
	Swap and other interest expense		58.4		56.4			
	EBITDA	\$	732.5	\$	664.6			
	Non-core items - (income)/expense:							
	Gain on dealership divestitures	\$	(11.9)	\$	(28.6)			
	Legal settlements		(3.5)		(3.5)			
	Gain on sale of real estate		(1.9)		(1.9)			
	Park Place related costs		3.5		1.3			
	Real estate-related charges		2.1	51.00	2.8			
	Total non-core items	\$	(11.7)	\$	(29.9)			
	Adjusted EBITDA	\$	720.8	\$	634.7			
	Adj. Net Leverage Ratio		1.2x		1.6x			



(\$ in Millions)

Adjusted EBITDA	Q:	3'21 LTM		2020		2019		2018
Total Revenue	\$	\$ 9,416.9		7,131.8	\$7	7,210.3	\$ (6,874.4
Net Income		481.0		254.4		184.4		168.0
Add:								
Depreciation and amortization		40.1		38.5		36.2		33.7
Income tax expense		152.8		83.7		59.5		56.8
Swap and other interest expense	41 <u>1</u>	58.6		57.6		54.9		53.6
EBITDA	\$	732.5	\$	434.2	\$	335.0	\$	312.1
Non-core items:								
Franchise rights impairment	\$	-	\$	23.0	\$	7.1	\$	3.7
Legal settlements		(3.5)		(2.1)		(0.6)		(0.7)
Gain on sale of real estate		(1.9)		(0.3)		(0.3)		-
Real estate related charges		2.1		0.7		0.6		-
Gain on dealership divestitures		(11.9)		(62.3)		(11.7)		_
Fixed assets write-off		-		-		2.4		-
Park Place related costs		: <u>-</u>		12.9		(=)		-
LHM Acqusition costs	<u> </u>	3.5						
Total non-core items	\$	(11.7)	\$	(7.4)	\$	(2.5)	\$	3.0
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	720.8	\$	426.8	\$	332.5	\$	315.1
Adj. EBITDA Margin	-	7.7%		6.0%		4.6%		4.6%